

# 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: Ladle Metallurgy Furnace (LMF) Steelmaking Slag

**CAS Number:** 65996-71-6 (Slag, steelmaking)

Synonyms: LMF Slag

Use/Description: Aggregate, road base, construction aggregates varying sizes, rock-like material

#### **Nucor Mills with LMF - Locations** 24 Hour Contact - CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 Nucor Steel South Carolina Nucor Steel Nebraska Nucor Steel Berkeley **Nucor Steel Gallatin** 300 Steel Mill Road 1455 Hagan Avenue 2911 East Nucor Road 4831 U.S. Hwy 42 West Darlington, S.C. 29540 Huger, SC 29450 Norfolk, Nebraska 68701 Ghent, KY 41045 (843) 393-5841 (402) 644-0200 (859)567-3100 (843) 336-6000 Nucor Steel Auburn Nucor Steel Tuscaloosa Nucor Steel Decatur **Nucor Steel Memphis** 25 Quarry Road 1700 Holt Road NE 4301 Iverson Blvd. 3601 Paul R. Lowry Road Auburn, N.Y. 13021 Tuscaloosa, AL35404 Trinity, Alabama 35673 Memphis, TN 38109 (315) 253-4561 (205) 556-1310 (256) 301-3500 (901) 786-5900 Nucor Steel Texas Nucor Steel Hertford Cnty Nucor Steel Arkansas Nucor Yamato Steel U.S. Highway 79 South 1505 River Road 7301 E. Cnty Road 142 5929 E. State Hwy 18 Jewett, Texas 75846 Cofield, N.C. 27922 Blytheville, AR 72315 Armorel, AR 72310 (903) 626-4461 (252) 356-3700 (870) 762-2100 (870) 762-5500 Nucor Steel Indiana Nucor Steel Brandenburg 4537 South Nucor Road 100 Ronnie Greenwell Commerce Rd. Crawfordsville, IN 47933 Brandenburg, KY 40108 (765) 364-1323

For general product information, contact mill as listed above. For emergencies, use the 24 Hour Contact.

#### **OSHA Hazards**

Target Organ Effect - Lungs, Central Nervous System, Skin Irritation, Eye Irritation

#### **GHS Classification**

### **Pictogram**

# Signal Word

Hazard Statements H315

Dust/fume may cause skin irritation H320

Causes eye irritation.

Health	Environmental	Physical
Eye Irritation (Category 2B)	Not Classified	Not Classified
Skin Irritation (Category 2)		
Specific Target Organ		
Toxicity – Single Exposure		
(Category 3)		
Specific Target Organ		
Toxicity – Repeated		
Exposure (Category 1 and		
1A)		
Danger Warning		

Page 1 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023
Review Date: 12/22/2020

H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Inhalation of dust/fume suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Inhalation of dust/fume causes damage to respiratory system and central nervous
	system through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H350	May cause lung cancer

### **Precautionary Statements**

	.a., Ctato	10.110
P202		Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261		Avoid breathing dust/fume.
P262		Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270		Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272		Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280		Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P308 +	P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### **Emergency Overview**

**Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** is composed mainly of oxides of iron, calcium, magnesium, and manganese, varying amounts of other metallic oxides, and crystalline silica (cristobalite). Electric arc furnace (EAF) Slag has components that are hazardous under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 19120.1200).

Granular solid or aggregate with no appreciable odor. Skin Irritant, Possibly Corrosive.

#### **Potential Health Effects**

#### Routes of exposure

Skin Contact, Eye, Inhalation.

#### IMMEDIATE EFFECTS:

### Skin (Contact and Absorption)

May cause mechanical or chemical irritation, redness and pain. Contains calcium oxide that may cause irritation or damage to the skin.

#### Eyes

May cause mechanical or chemical irritation, tearing, redness and pain. Contains calcium oxide that may cause severe irritation or permanent damage to the tissues of the eye.

#### Inhalation

May cause irritation, coughing. Contains substances that may cause severe irritation one of which is calcium oxide a corrosive. Contains manganese and its salts: Manganese inhalation may cause flu-like illness (metal fume fever), characterized by chills, fever, aching muscles, dryness in the throat and mouth and headache, possible resulting in fatal pneumonia.

# Ingestion

Not expected to be a normal route of exposure. Ingestion may cause symptoms similar to inhalation.

#### **DELAYED/LONG TERM EFFECTS:**

#### **Chronic Exposure**

Contains manganese and its salts: Chronic manganese exposure may affect the Lung, Kidney, Brain / Central Nervous System and Blood /Blood forming organs with early symptoms like sluggishness, sleepiness and weakness in legs. Advanced cases have shown fixed facial expression, emotional

Page 2 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023 Review Date: 12/22/2020

disturbances, spastic gait. Illness closely resembles Parkinson's Disease. Kidney effects, blood changes, lung damage and manganese psychosis may result from chronic exposure.

May contain crystalline silica. Chronic respiratory exposure to silica may cause lung disease. Symptoms may include shortness of breath, coughing and right heart enlargement or heart failure. Not all individuals with silicosis will exhibit symptoms. Silicosis is progressive and symptoms can appear at any time, even after exposure has ceased. Tobacco smoking may increase the risk of developing lung disorders, including emphysema and lung cancer.

### Carcinogenic Effects

May contain crystalline silica that can cause a disease called silicosis. Crystalline silica is classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has characterized respirable silica as "known to be a human carcinogen".

### **Reproductive Effects**

No product specific data.

TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS: LUNG, KIDNEY, BRAIN / CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE: COUGHING, IRRITATION TO THE EYE OR SKIN.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS No.	% Weight	٦
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	0- 40%	i

**Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** is a complex mixture that can change due to changes in feedstocks and the method used for manufacturing steel. Exact specifications for specific products may be available upon request. This **Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** product may contain small amounts of various elements in addition to those listed. These "trace" or "residual" amounts may exist as intentional additions, or as elements that generally originate in raw materials used. These elements may include, but necessarily limited to (weight %) barium ( $\leq 0.004\%$ ), boron ( $\leq 0.004\%$ ), chromium ( $\leq 0.004\%$ ), manganese ( $\leq 0.05\%$ ), nickel ( $\leq 0.0009\%$ ), and titanium ( $\leq 0.07\%$ ). Product did not contain detectable levels (reporting limit weight %) of hexavalent chromium (< 0.00001), antimony (< 0.003%), arsenic (< 0.003%), beryllium (< 0.0004%), bismuth (< 0.02%), cadmium (< 0.0005%), cobalt (< 0.0009%), copper (< 0.002%), lead (< 0.003%), mercury (< 0.000004), molybdenum (< 0.001%), potassium (< 0.0005%), silver (< 0.001%), thallium (< 0.003%), tin (< 0.0009%), vanadium (< 0.0005%), zinc (< 0.003%), or zirconium (< 0.001%).

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Inhalation

If overexposure to dusts and/or fumes occurs, remove person to fresh air. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

If irritation occurs, wash affected areas with soap or mild detergent and water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

#### Eye Contact

Page 3 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023 Review Date: 12/22/2020

Flush eyes with large amounts of water to remove particles. Eye injury from solid particles should be treated by a physician.

### Ingestion

If an excessive amount of dust is ingested, rinse mouth with water. Seek medical attention if you feel unwell.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Use extinguishers appropriate for surrounding materials.

## Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full-protective clothing when fumes and/or smoke from fire are present.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Heat and flames cause release of acrid smoke and metallic oxide fumes.

### **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**

Do not use water on molten metal. Accumulation of metal dust can be combustible.

# **NFPA Rating**

Health hazard = 1; Fire = 0; Instability = 0.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Accidental Release**

For spills involving particles, avoid inhalation, eye, or skin contact of dusts using appropriate precautions outlined in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) (see Section 8). Remove fine, dry material by vacuuming or wet sweeping methods to prevent spreading of the dust. Avoid using compressed air.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Do not release particulate into sewers or waterways.

## Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleanup

Collect material in appropriate labeled containers for recovery or disposal in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200) and all other pertinent state and federal requirements.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of particulate and/or fumes should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Avoid breathing dust and/or fumes. Practice good housekeeping to minimize the accumulation of surface dust.

### **Conditions for Safe Storage**

Store away from strong acids and oxidizers; e.g., sodium hypochlorite. Magnesium oxide reacts violently with halogens.

Page 4 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023

Review Date: 12/22/2020

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits			
Chemical	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	ACGIH TLV <sup>2</sup>	NIOSH REL <sup>3</sup>
Aluminum metal	15 mg/m³ (total dust, PNOR) <sup>5</sup> 15 mg/m³ (respirable, PNOR)		NE <sup>4</sup>

### Notes to Occupational Exposure Limits table:

- <sup>1</sup> OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) are 8-hour TWA (time-weighted average) concentrations unless otherwise noted. A "C" designation denotes a ceiling limit, which should not be exceeded during a workday.
- <sup>2</sup> Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the ACGIH are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted.
- <sup>3</sup> NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL) is a TWA concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek. STEL denotes a Short-Term Exposure Limit defined as a 15-minute exposure, which should not be exceeded during a workday.
- 4 R = Respirable Fraction; I = Inhalable Fraction; NE = None Established; PNOR = Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated. Includes all inert or nuisance dusts, whether mineral, inorganic, not listed specifically in 29 CFR 1910.1000.

#### **Engineering Controls**

**General Ventilation:** General room ventilation is adequate for processing that does not generate dusts or fumes

Local Exhaust: For processes that generate dusts or fumes, a local exhaust system is recommended.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Eye and Face Protection: Safety glasses with side shields for normal use.

#### **Skin Protection**

Under normal use, wear work gloves to prevent direct skin contact.

# **Respiratory Protection**

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 or ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. Where unknown concentrations are encountered or during an emergency, use NIOSH approved supplied air respirator

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

ODOR: None. PHYSICAL STATE: Granular solid or aggregate.

pH (agueous solution): <11 MELTING POINT: Not known.

DENSITY: 3.2 – 3.6 typical SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Partially soluble

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions

### Incompatibility

Avoid contact with strong acids or oxidizers; e.g., calcium hypochlorite.

Page 5 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023

Review Date: 12/22/2020

# **Hazardous Polymerization**

Will not occur

## Chemical incompatibilities

Iron oxide dusts in contact with calcium hypochlorite can evolve oxygen and may be sufficient to cause an explosion.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Under fire conditions, product may release toxic metal oxide fumes and/or carbon monoxide or carbon dioxide.

#### Other

This product is a mixture that contains a large percentage of hygroscopic, calcium salts. Changes in the moisture content of this product may change the density resulting in expansion and contraction of the material.

Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information is not available for Lad	le Metallurgy Furnace Slag as sold/shipped. Following data is		
for the components.			
LD <sub>50</sub> (lethal animal dose, 50%) or LC <sub>50</sub> (lethal ani	imal concentration, 50%)		
Iron Oxide: LD <sub>50</sub> = 10000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)	Manganese: LD <sub>50</sub> 1484 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)		
<b>Iron:</b> LD <sub>50</sub> = 1060 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)	Magnesium Oxide: TDLo 1.1 mg/m³/24 hr/29 days (Inhalation/Rat)		
<b>Chromium (Cr<sup>+6</sup>):</b> LD <sub>50</sub> = 80 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)	<b>Nickel:</b> LD <sub>50</sub> = >9000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat); LC <sub>50</sub> = 10 mg/L (Inh/Rat)		
Copper Oxide: LD <sub>50</sub> = 470 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)	Crystalline silica: LD <sub>50</sub> = 22,500 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)		
Lead: LD <sub>LO</sub> = 1400 mg/g (Oral/Dog)	Silicon: LD <sub>50</sub> = 3160 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)		
Calcium Oxide: LD <sub>50</sub> 3059 mg/kg (Intraperitoneal/Mouse)	Aluminum Oxide: LD <sub>50</sub> = >5000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)		
Skin (Dermal) Irritation.			
Iron, Copper Oxide: Cause skin irritation.	Chromium (Cr+6): Human Skin Sensitizer		
<b>Copper:</b> Copper alloys may induce allergic contact dermatitis in susceptible individuals.	Nickel: Slight irritation (rabbits). Nickel Oxide: Human Skin Sensitizer		
Eye Irritation.			
Iron Oxide, Copper Oxide: Irritating	Metallic particulates: Irritation from mechanical abrasion		
Carcinogenicity			
Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag is not listed by locarcinogen or as a reasonably anticipated to be	IARC, National Toxicology Program (NTP), or OSHA as a e a human carcinogen.		
Crystalline Silica (quartz or cristobalite): IAR((Known to be Carcinogenic to Humans); and NIC	C Group 1 carcinogen (Carcinogenic to Humans); NTP-K OSH-Ca (Potential Occupational Carcinogen).		
, ,	ım metal – IARC Group 3 Carcinogen (not classifiable as to ium – IARC Group 1 Carcinogen (Carcinogenic to Humans).		

Page 6 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023
Review Date: 12/22/2020

**Nickel and certain Nickel compounds:** Elemental Nickel - IARC Group 2B Carcinogen (Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans). Nickel compounds – IARC Group I Carcinogen (Carcinogenic to Humans). NIOSH - Potential Occupational Carcinogen.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

**Manganese:** Inhalation of metallic fumes and dusts – degenerative changes in human brain; behavioral changes in motor activity and muscle weakness. Prolonged inhalation exposure to manganese fumes/dusts is associated with "manganism," a Parkinson-like syndrome characterized by a variety of neurological symptoms including muscle spasms, gait disturbances, tremors, and psychoses.

**Iron Oxide:** Inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may result in the development of a benign pneumoconiosis, called Siderosis, which is observable as an X-ray change. No physical impairment of lung function has been associated with Siderosis.

**Ecotoxicity (Aquatic & Terrestrial):** No information is available for **Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** as sold. However, components of the product have been found to be toxic to the environment.

**Iron Oxide:** LD<sub>50</sub> >40 mg/L (*Cloeon dipterium*, mayfly); LC<sub>50</sub> >10,000 mg/L (*Gambusia affinis*, western mosquitofish)

**Chromium:** LC<sub>50</sub> 3.32 mg/L (*Duttaphrynus melanostictus*, Asian toad); LC<sub>50</sub> 93.6 mg/L (*Cyprinus carpio*,

common carp)

**Manganese:** LC<sub>50</sub> 15.6 mg/L (*Oncorhynchus mykiss, rainbow trout*) **Aluminum Oxide:** LC<sub>50</sub> >500 mg/L (*Daphina magna, water flea*)

**Zinc:** EC<sub>50</sub> 704  $\mu$ g/L (*P. promelas*); EC<sub>50</sub> >2000  $\mu$ g/L (*S. fontinalis*); EC<sub>50</sub> 220  $\mu$ g/L (*H. azteca*) **Calcium Oxide:** LC<sub>50</sub> >159 mg/L (Invertebrates); 96 Hr LC<sub>50</sub> 1070 mg/L (*Cyprinus carpio, carp*)

**Crystalline Silica:** LC<sub>50</sub> carp >10,000 mg/L/72 hr.

**Persistence and Degradability:** No specific information is available for **Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** as sold.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No specific information is available for Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag as sold.

**Mobility in Soil:** No specific information is available for **Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** as sold. However, individual components of the product have been found to be absorbed by plants from soil. Metal dusts may migrate into soil and groundwater and be ingested by wildlife.

#### Radiation

This product is normally free of radiation.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity (Aquatic & Terrestrial):** No information is available for **Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** as sold. However, components of the product have been found to be toxic to the environment.

**Iron Oxide:** LD<sub>50</sub> >40 mg/L (*Cloeon dipterium*, mayfly); LC<sub>50</sub> >10,000 mg/L (*Gambusia affinis*,

western mosquitofish)

 $\textbf{Chromium:} \ LC_{50} \ 3.32 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Duttaphrynus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus melanostictus}, \ Asian \ toad); \ LC_{50} \ 93.6 \ mg/L \ (\textit{Cyprinus m$ 

carpio, common carp)

**Manganese:** LC<sub>50</sub> 15.6 mg/L (*Oncorhynchus mykiss, rainbow trout*) **Aluminum Oxide:** LC<sub>50</sub> >500 mg/L (*Daphina magna, water flea*)

**Zinc:** EC<sub>50</sub> 704 μg/L (*P. promelas*); EC<sub>50</sub> >2000 μg/L (*S. fontinalis*); EC<sub>50</sub> 220 μg/L (*H.* 

azteca)

Calcium Oxide: LC<sub>50</sub> >159 mg/L (Invertebrates); 96 Hr LC<sub>50</sub> 1070 mg/L (Cyprinus

carpio, carp)

Crystalline Silica: LC<sub>50</sub> carp >10,000 mg/L/72 hr.

Persistence and Degradability: No specific information is available for Ladle Metallurgy Furnace

Slag as sold.

Page 7 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023
Review Date: 12/22/2020

**Bioaccumulative Potential:** No specific information is available for **Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** as sold.

**Mobility in Soil:** No specific information is available for **Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag** as sold. However, individual components of the product have been found to be absorbed by plants from soil. Metal dusts may migrate into soil and groundwater and be ingested by wildlife.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Please note that the following information pertains only to the unused, uncontaminated material.

<u>RCRA CLASSIFICATION</u>: Not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA 40 CFR 261. See table under REGULATORY INFORMATION section.

U.S. EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER: Not Applicable.

<u>DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS</u>: Reuse and recycle whenever possible. Unusable material may be disposed of with normal waste.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Proper Shipping Name - Not regulated DOT Hazard Classification - Not regulated UN/NA Number - Not applicable DOT Packing Group - Not applicable Labeling Requirements - Not applicable Placards - Not applicable DOT Hazardous Substance - Not applicable DOT Marine Pollutant - Not applicable

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. However, dusts and fumes from this product may be hazardous.

#### **California Proposition 65:**

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including aluminum oxide and chromium which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to <a href="https://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov">www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</a>.

### **Regulatory Lists**

Some components of this product may be specifically listed by individual states; other product-specific health and safety data in other sections of the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements, you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

### **Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)**

Components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

#### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA)

Slag is not reportable, however, it contains hazardous substances that may be reportable if released in pieces with diameters less than or equal to 0.004 inches (RQ marked with a "\*").

Page 8 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023

Review Date: 12/22/2020

**Chemical Name** 

Reportable Quantity (in Ib)

5000\*

Chromium

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), Title III

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Immediate Health Effect, Delayed Health Effect This product contains the following EPCRA Section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right – To – Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372):

#### SECTION 313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Concentration (% by weight)	Reportable
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	0-30%	Yes – Greater than 1%
Lead	7439-92-1	0-0.01%	Yes – No de minimis level

Concentrations based on analytical data and process knowledge of typical products distributed by the facility.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Web Sites with information about health effects from occupational exposure to the chemical substances contained in this product and associated engineering controls and personal protective equipment:

OSHA Website:

http://www.osha.gov

http://www.osha.gov/dsg/topics/silicacrystalline/index

NIOSH Website:

http://www.cdc.gov.niosh

http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/silica

ACGIH Website:

http://www.acgih.org

ATSDR Website:

http://www.astdr.cdc.gov/toxprofiles

IARC Monograph concerning crystalline silica, Volume 100C:

http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Monographs/PDFs/index.php

The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable; however, the information is provided without any representation of warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or correctness. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product.

Page 9 of 9 Revision Date: 12/22/2023

Review Date: 12/22/2020